27 f. The chief of the Iowa highway safety patrol.

The governor shall also appoint one state senator, one state representative, a member of the board of parole and a supreme court justice.

4. The governor shall appoint an executive director of the commis-

4. The governor shall appoint an executive director of the commission who shall be his official representative, and who shall be the principal executive administrator of the commission and shall also be a member of the commission.

All commissioners designated by the governor shall serve at the governor's pleasure. No member of the general assembly shall be appointed as a voting member of the commission.

Approved July 14, 1975

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This Act was passed by the G.A. prior to July 1, 1975; see §3.7 of the Code

## CHAPTER 87

## SURFACE COAL MINING

S. F. 314

AN ACT relating to the regulation of surface coal mining, imposing additional fees and providing a penalty for violation of the Act.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- 1 Section 1. Chapter eighty-three A (83A), Code 1975, is amended by adding section two (2) of this Act:
  - SEC. 2. New Section. **Environmental standards.** A surface coal mining operation for which application for registration is made on and after July 1, 1976 and, with respect to lands from which the overburden has not been removed, any coal mining operation existing on July 1, 1976 shall comply with the following environmental standards:

1. Spoil, debris, soil, and waste materials from the cut made to obtain access to the coal seam shall be placed according to a plan approved by the department.

2. A diverse, effective and permanent vegetative cover capable of self-regeneration and plant succession at least equal in extent of cover to the natural vegetation shall be established on all affected land. Plant succession includes crop succession if the land had the capability of the crop succession before registration of a site. Introduced species may be used in the revegetation process where necessary to achieve the rehabilitation work required by the department under this chapter. If the effectiveness of the revegetation requirements of this subsection cannot be determined by the department before the expiration of the twelve-month period allowed for rehabilitation pursuant to section eighty-three A point nineteen (83A.19) of the Code, the department shall extend the time for rehabilitation as necessary to meet the requirements of this subsection. The department may retain a portion of the bond or other security under this chapter as necessary to assure performance of the requirements of this subsection.

3. Topsoil shall be removed in a separate layer and replaced on the backfill area, or if not utilized immediately, segregated in a separate pile from other spoil. For purposes of this chapter "topsoil" means a nontoxic soil substrate capable of sustaining vegetation as required in this section. This soil substrate may consist of the A, B, and C soil ho-

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29 rizons, a strata beneath these soil horizons, or a mixture of the two. 30 When the topsoil is not replaced in time to avoid deterioration of the 31 topsoil, a cover by approved quick-growing plant species shall be main-32 tained to preserve the topsoil from wind and water erosion, to free it from contamination by acid or toxic material from other strata or drainage, and to assure that the topsoil is in a usable condition for veg-33 34 etation purposes under subsection two (2) of this section. If the topsoil 35 36 is of insufficient quantity or of poor quality for sustaining vegetation 37 and if other strata can be shown to be more suitable for vegetation requirements, the operator shall remove, segregate, preserve, and replace 38 in a like manner the other strata which is best able to support vegeta-39 40 tion. If the department approves, the operator shall not be required to 41 separate the topsoil and other strata of subsoil if a mix of the topsoil, 42 subsoil and soil nutrient is equally suitable for vegetation require-43 ments. The operator shall remove, segregate, and replace the mix of 44 topsoil and other strata in a manner prescribed by the department.

4. All coal mine wastes, coal processing wastes, acid forming or other toxic materials present in the overburden, or other wastes shall be buried in approved pits and the operator shall stabilize all waste piles in designated areas through construction and compacted layers with incombustible and impervious materials assuring that the leachate will not pollute surface or ground waters and that the final contour of the waste pile will be compatible with natural surroundings and stabilized

and revegetated according to the provisions of this chapter.

5. With respect to the use of impoundments for the disposal of coal mine wastes, coal processing wastes or other liquid or solid wastes, the operator shall incorporate engineering practices approved by the department for the design and construction of water retention facilities to insure that:

a. The construction shall be designed to achieve necessary stability with an adequate margin of safety to protect the health and safety of the public and shall, at a minimum, be compatible with that of structures constructed under Public Law 83-566 (Title 16, United States Code, section 1006).

b. Leachate will not pollute surface or ground water.

c. Mine wastes which are determined as unsuitable for construction constituents by sound engineering methods and design practices shall not be used in the construction of water impoundments, water retention facilities, dams or settling ponds.

Section eighty-three A point two (83A.2), subsection two (2), Code 1975, is amended to read as follows:

- 2. "Surface mining" means the mining of coal, gypsum, clay, stone, sand, gravel or other ores or mineral solids for sale or for processing or consumption in the regular operation of a business by removing the overburden lying above the natural deposits thereof and mining directly from the natural deposits thereby exposed, or by mining directly from deposits lying exposed in their natural state. Removal of overburden and mining of limited amounts of any ores or mineral solids other than coal shall not be considered surface mining when done only for the purpose and to the extent necessary to determine the location, quantity, or quality of any the natural deposit, so long as no if the ores or mineral solids removed during exploratory excavation or mining are not sold, processed for sale, or consumed in the regular operation of a business.
- Sec. 4. Section eighty-three A point thirteen (83A.13), Code 1975, 2 is amended to read as follows:

Registering site of mine.

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1. Within fifteen days after prior to beginning mining or removal of overburden at any surface mining site not previously registered, an operator engaging in mining in this state shall register the site with the department. Application for registration shall be made upon a form provided by the department. The registration fee shall be established by the department in an amount equal to the cost of administering the registration provisions of this chapter, as estimated by the department. The application shall include a description of the tract or tracts of land where the site is located and the estimated number of acres at the site to be affected by the mine. The description shall include the section, township, range, and county in which the land is located and shall otherwise describe the land with sufficient certainty to determine the location and to distinguish the land to be registered from other lands. The application shall include a statement explaining the authority of the

applicant's legal right to operate a mine on the land.

2. The application shall be accompanied by a mine and rehabili-

tation plan which shall include the following:

a. The character and thickness of the ores, or mineral solids, and 21 22 overburden to be disturbed. 23

b. The method of redistribution of the overburden.

c. The final configuration of affected land.

d. Samples of overburden.

e. Data upon which the mine plan is based.

3. On the basis of information and data required to be submitted pursuant to this section the department may designate the site for which application for registration is made unsuitable for surface coal mining if:

a. The department determines that land rehabilitation required under this chapter is not physically or biologically feasible; or

b. The operation results in significant damage to important historic, cultural, scientific, and esthetic values and natural systems;

c. The operation results in a substantial loss of or reduction in long-range productivity of water supply or of food or fiber products;

d. The operation substantially endangers life and property, including areas subject to frequent flooding and areas of unstable ge-

Land on which surface coal mining is authorized by the department pursuant to this chapter on or before July 1, 1975 or where substantial legal and financial commitments for the operation are in existence prior to September 1, 1973 shall not be designated unsuitable.

4. A person who falsifies information required to be submitted under this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars or by imprisonment for a period not to exceed thirty days or be punished by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 5. Section eighty-three A point fourteen (83A.14), Code 1975, is amended to read as follows:

Bond. The application for registration shall be accompanied by a bond or security as required under sections 83A.23 or 83A.24 if overburden is removed. After ascertaining that the applicant is licensed under section 83A.7 and is not in violation of this chapter with respect to any site previously registered with the department, the de $\frac{2}{3}$ 

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partment shall register the site and shall issue the applicant written authorization to conduct surface mining on the site. Nothing in this section shall require land which has been mined or from which overburden has been removed before July 1, 1976 to meet the standards in section two (2) of this Act. Authorization shall not be issued to conduct surface coal mining in areas designated unsuitable pursuant to section eighty-three A point thirteen (83A.13) of the Code.

SEC. 6. Section eighty-three A point seventeen (83A.17), unnumbered paragraph two (2), Code 1975, is amended to read as follows:

A bond or security posted under this chapter to assure rehabilitation of land affected by surface mining shall not be released until all rehabilitation work required by this section and section two (2) of this Act has been performed to the department's satisfaction, except when a replacement bond or security is posted by a new operator under section 83A.16.

SEC. 7. Section eighty-three A point nineteen (83A.19), Code 1975, is amended to read as follows:

83A.19 Rehabilitation of land. An operator of a surface mine shall rehabilitate land affected by surface mining within twenty four twelve months after the filing of a report required under section 83A.18 indicating the mining of any part of a site has been completed. Each operator, upon completion of any rehabilitation work required by section 83A.17 and section two (2) of this Act, shall apply to the department in writing for approval of the work. The department shall within a reasonable time determined by departmental rule inspect the completed rehabilitation work. Upon determination by the department that the operator has satisfactorily completed all required rehabilitation work on the land included in the application, the department shall release the bond or security on the rehabilitated land, shall remove the land from registration, and shall terminate or amend as necessary the operator's authorization to conduct surface mining on the site.

SEC. 8. Section eighty-three A point twenty-one (83A.21), Code 1975, is amended to read as follows:

83A.21 Political subdivision engaged in mining. Any political subdivision of the state of Iowa which engages or intends to engage in surface mining shall meet all requirements of sections 83A.13 to 83A.20 and section two (2) of this Act except the subdivision shall not be required to post bond or security on registered land. When a political subdivision engaging in surface mining violates any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted by the department pursuant to this chapter, the department shall notify the chief administrative officer or governing body of the subdivision. If after a reasonable time determined by the department, the subdivision has not commenced corrective measures approved by the department, the violation shall be referred to the committee. The chief administrative officer or governing body of the subdivision shall be notified in writing of the referral.

SEC. 9. Section eighty-three A point twenty-three (83A.23), Code 1975, is amended to read as follows:

83A.23 Form of bond. Each bond filed with the department by an operator pursuant to this chapter shall be in a form prescribed by the department, payable to the state of Iowa, and conditioned upon faithful performance by the operator of all requirements of this chapter and all rules adopted by the department pursuant to this chapter. The bond shall be signed by the operator as principal and by a corporate

surety licensed to do business in Iowa as surety. In lieu of a bond, the 10 operator may deposit cash or government securities with the department on the same conditions as prescribed by this section for filing of 11 bonds. The amount of the bond or other security required to be filed 12 13 with an application for registration of a surface mining site, or to in-14 crease the area of a site previously registered, shall be equal to the estimated cost of rehabilitating the site as required under section 83A.17 and section two (2) of this Act. The estimated cost of rehabilitation of each individual site shall be determined by the department on the 15 16 17 basis of relevant factors including, but not limited to, topography of the site, mining methods being employed, depth and composition of 18 19 20 overburden, and depth of the mineral deposit being mined. The de-21 partment may require an applicant for registration or amendment of registration of a site to furnish information necessary to estimate the 22cost of rehabilitating the site. The penalty of the bond or the amount of cash or securities on deposit may be increased or reduced from time 23 24 25 to time in accordance with section 83A.15.

SEC. 10. Section eighty-three A point twenty-eight (83A.28), Code 1975, is amended to read as follows:

83A.28 Forfeiture of bond. The attorney general, upon request of the committee, shall institute proceedings for forfeiture of the bond posted by an operator to guarantee rehabilitation of a site where the operator is in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or any rule adopted by the department pursuant to this chapter. Forfeiture of the operator's bond shall fully satisfy all obligations of the operator to rehabilitate affected land covered by the bond. The department shall have the power to rehabilitate as required by section 83A.17 and section two (2) of this Act any surface mined land with respect to which a bond has been forfeited, using the proceeds of the forfeiture to pay for the necessary rehabilitation work.

Approved May 15, 1975

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## CHAPTER 88

## OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH

S. F. 92

AN ACT to amend the occupational safety and health Act including the penalty provided by law.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Section eighty-eight point five (88.5), subsection four (4), Code 1975, is amended to read as follows:

2 3 Labels, warnings, protective equipment. Any standard promulgated under this section shall prescribe the use of labels or other appro-4 5 priate forms of warning as are necessary to insure that employees are appraised of all hazards to which they are exposed, relevant symptoms and appropriate emergency treatment, and proper conditions and precautions of safe use or exposure. Where appropriate, such standard 8 9 shall also prescribe suitable protective equipment and control or technological procedures to be used in connection with such hazards and 10 shall provide for monitoring or measuring employee exposure at such